

Venlo Trade Port

Onderzoek externe veiligheid Venlo Trade Port

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1. Inleiding

1.1 Aanleiding

Venlo Trade Port B.V. (VTP) beschikt over een inrichting aan de Tjalkkade 16 in Venlo. Het bedrijf wil uitbreiden en heeft hiervoor het aangrenzende terrein overgenomen. Vanwege deze uitbreiding moet het bedrijf een omgevingsvergunning aanvragen, waarbij ook de doorzet aan geklasseerde stoffen wordt aangepast. In opdracht van TCT Venlo, waar VTP onderdeel van is, heeft DGMR Industrie, Verkeer en Milieu B.V. een kwantitatieve risicoanalyse (QRA) uitgevoerd voor deze aanvraag.

De aangevraagde activiteiten vallen onder het Besluit externe veiligheid inrichtingen (Bevi), artikel 2.1b: Een inrichting bestemd voor de opslag in verband met het vervoer van gevaarlijke stoffen.

Het vigerende bestemmingsplan staat een Bevi-inrichting alleen toe op locaties die staan aangemerkt met de aanduiding 'risicovolle inrichting'. Alleen de bestaande locatie van VTP staat aangeduid als 'risicovolle inrichting', niet de voorgenomen uitbreiding. Om deze uitbreiding toe te staan wordt voor de uitbreiding een nieuw bestemmingsplan opgesteld. Dit rapport kan behalve voor de vergunningsaanvraag ook voor de wijziging van het bestemmingsplan worden gebruikt.

Omdat VTP volgens het Bevi niet valt onder een van de categorieën waarvoor vaste afstanden gelden, moeten de risico's voor de omgeving specifiek worden bepaald. Dit rapport geeft aan hoe deze risicoberekening (QRA) is uitgevoerd en wat het externe risico voor de omgeving is als gevolg van activiteiten binnen de inrichting.

De peildatum voor de ligging van het terrein is van oktober 2020 en voor de omgeving de BAG-populatieservice van 1 juli 2020.

1.2 Leeswijzer

Dit rapport geeft aan hoe de gepresenteerde risico's zijn verkregen. Alle onderwerpen zoals aangegeven in Module B paragraaf 4.2 van de Handleiding Risicoberekeningen Bevi versie 4.2 (HRB) komen in dit rapport aan bod. Hoofdstuk 2 bevat een beschrijving van de vigerende wetgeving rondom externe veiligheid met nadere uitwerking voor de situatie van VTP.

Hoofdstuk 3 beschrijft de inrichting en nadere toelichting aangaande de activiteiten met gevaarlijke stoffen en daarmee samenhangende gegevens die noodzakelijk zijn voor het bepalen van de risico's. In hoofdstuk 4 staat de QRA beschreven, voor zover het specifieke details voor deze inrichting of afwijkingen van de voorgeschreven rekenwijze betreft. Hoofdstuk 5 geeft de berekende risico's en de daarmee samenhangende resultaten. Hoofdstuk 6 bevat een samenvattende conclusie.

2. Externe veiligheid

2.1 Landelijk beleid

Externe veiligheid beschrijft de kans dat personen in de omgeving van een activiteit waar met gevaarlijke stoffen wordt gewerkt, slachtoffer worden van een ongeval met die stoffen. Dit kan zowel een transportroute als een inrichting betreffen. De wetgeving voor externe veiligheid rondom inrichtingen staat beschreven in het Besluit externe veiligheid inrichtingen (Bevi). De activiteiten van VTP vallen onder artikel 2.1b uit het Bevi: een inrichting bestemd voor de opslag in verband met het vervoer van gevaarlijke stoffen. Het beleid externe veiligheid is gericht op een verantwoorde situering van activiteiten waarbij ongevallen met effecten op de omgeving niet kunnen worden uitgesloten.

De mate van blootstelling wordt uitgedrukt in de kans op dodelijke effecten. Er zijn twee componenten om de grootte van dit gevaar uit te drukken. Ten eerste de grootte van het effect die samenhangt met de gevaareigenschappen van een stof (giftigheid, brandbaarheid, hoeveelheid, en dergelijke). Ten tweede de kans dat een dergelijk effect optreedt, wat samenhangt met de activiteiten die tot een ongeval kunnen leiden (opslag, overslag, aantal handelingen en dergelijke). Beide componenten worden tot uitdrukking gebracht wanneer gevaren worden uitgedrukt in risico's. Door een risico wordt een gevaar gekwantificeerd (in een getal uitgedrukt) en onder meer vergelijkbaar gemaakt met normen. De omvang van de gevaren voor de omgeving wordt uitgedrukt met twee risicobegrippen: groepsrisico (GR) en plaatsgebonden risico (PR, voorheen individueel risico genoemd). Voor de mate van aanvaardbaarheid van deze risico's zijn in het Bevi normen vastgesteld.

2.1.1 Plaatsgebonden Risico

Onder het plaatsgebonden risico (PR) wordt verstaan: de kans per jaar op het overlijden van één fictief persoon op een vaste locatie ten gevolge van een ongeval. Het PR met een bepaalde waarde kan rond een inrichting of een vervoersas als lijn op de kaart worden weergegeven, de zogenoemde risicocontour. Voor het plaatsgebonden risico bij zo'n contour geldt een grenswaarde: in een nieuwe situatie mag een kwetsbaar object, zoals bijvoorbeeld woonbebouwing, een woonhuis of een kantoor groter dan 1.500 m², niet binnen een 10⁻⁶/jr-contour liggen (10⁻⁶/jr is een verkorte schrijfwijze voor eens per miljoen jaar, vandaar het jargon '10 min 6' voor de kans 1/1.000.000 jaar). Voor beperkt kwetsbare objecten geldt ook de waarde van 10⁻⁶, maar nu met de status van richtwaarde. Binnen die contour kan met een nieuw object of een uitbreiding van de inrichting alleen worden ingestemd, indien het bevoegd gezag met gewichtige redenen motiveert waarom een hogere waarde wordt toegestaan.

2.1.2 Groepsrisico

Het groepsrisico (GR) is gedefinieerd als de cumulatieve kans per jaar, dat een groep van ten minste tien mensen het dodelijk slachtoffer is van een ongeval. Zowel de bronkant (inrichtingen met gevaarlijke stoffen of transportassen met vervoer van gevaarlijke stoffen), als de blootgestelde kant (personen in de omgeving) bepalen de hoogte van het groepsrisico. Dit is één van de resultaten voor de rampenbestrijding, waarbij vastgesteld wordt of de aangevraagde activiteit past binnen de beschikbare operationele prestatie van hulpverleningsdiensten. Voor het GR geldt een oriëntatiewaarde, die het bevoegd gezag gebruikt bij de motivering van de groepsrisicohoogte.

De risico's worden berekend in een zogenoemde kwantitatieve risicoanalyse (QRA). De wijze van analyse, rekenwijze en rapportage zijn door de overheid vastgelegd in de Regeling externe veiligheid inrichtingen (Revi) en de Handleiding Risicoberekeningen Bevi versie 4.2 met het voorgeschreven rekenpakket Safeti-NL versie 8.3.

Het Bevi verwijst in een aantal gevallen naar het Besluit risico's zware ongevallen (Brzo) 2015. Dit besluit is van toepassing op inrichtingen waar gevaarlijke stoffen boven bepaalde drempelwaarden aanwezig zijn. Zolang ladingen niet langdurig binnen de inrichting zijn opgeslagen, is sprake van tussenplaatsing in afwachting van verder transport. Het Brzo is in dit geval niet van toepassing.

2.2 Decentraal beleid

De grote gemeenten in Limburg, waaronder Venlo, hebben een gezamenlijke beleidsvisie externe veiligheid opgesteld. In het kader van vergunningverlening benoemt deze beleidsvisie de volgende uitgangspunten:

- Bij de vergunningverlening wordt vroegtijdig aandacht besteed aan externe veiligheid (EV). Waar mogelijk worden EV aspecten betrokken in de ontwerpfase.
- Prioriteit voor actualisatie van vergunningen van inrichtingen die onder Bevi vallen.
- Beste bestaande technieken of equivalent beschermingsniveau moet worden vergund.
- Door de aanvrager zelf aangedragen maatregelen en procedures worden waar mogelijk vergund.
- Geadviseerd wordt om de inrichtingshouder inzicht te laten geven in het aantal transporten met gevaarlijke stoffen van en naar de inrichting. Het is raadzaam om deze informatie te registreren.

2.3 Omgevingswet

Zoals nu verwacht, treedt per 1 januari 2022 de Omgevingswet in werking. Voor dit type bedrijven zijn de gevolgen beperkt:

- Algemene regels voor bedrijven worden in de Omgevingswet gereguleerd door middel van het Besluit activiteiten leefomgeving. Deze regels zijn vergelijkbaar met de huidige regelgeving zoals opgenomen in het Activiteitenbesluit.
- De milieubelasting wordt in de omgevingswet getoetst aan de eisen zoals opgenomen in het Besluit kwaliteit leefomgeving. De eisen voor het plaatsgebonden risico zijn gelijk aan de eisen zoals opgenomen in het Bevi. Ook dient het bevoegd gezag bij vergunningverlening nog steeds het groepsrisico te verantwoorden.

Nieuw in de Omgevingswet is het vaststellen van aandachtsgebieden rondom externe risicobronnen. Voor containeroverslagbedrijven zonder LT3, LT4 en GT5 gelden de voorgeschreven afstanden uit tabel E.9 van bijlage VII van het Besluit kwaliteit leefomgeving:

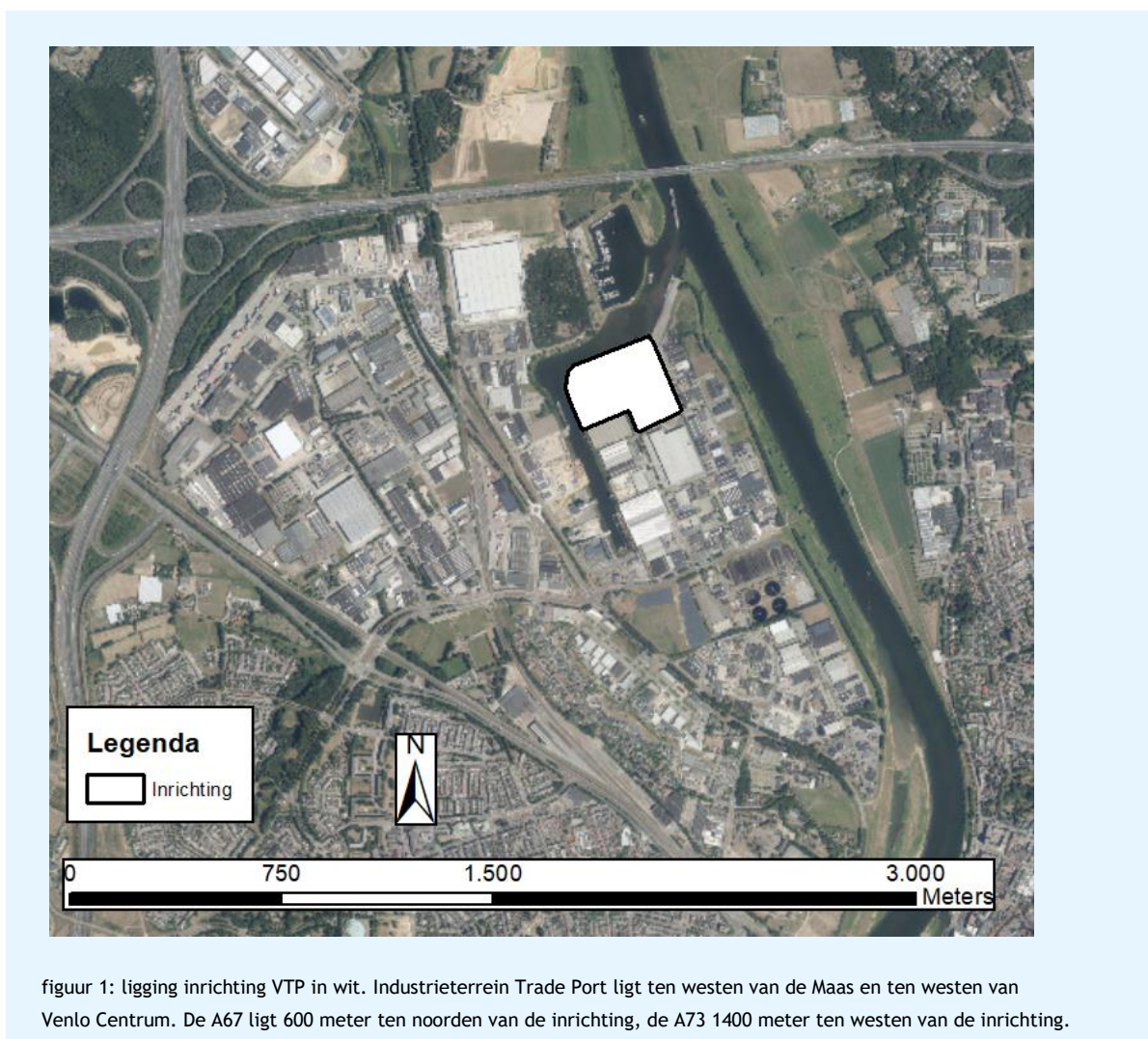
- 30 meter voor het brandaandachtsgebied;
- 200 meter voor het explosieaandachtsgebied;
- 300 meter voor het gifwolkaandachtsgebied.

Voor het brandaandachtsgebied en explosieaandachtsgebied kan de gemeente brandvoorschriftengebieden en explosievoorschriftengebieden vaststellen, waarvoor aanvullende bouwkundige maatregelen van toepassing zijn.

3. Beschrijving van de inrichting

3.1 Algemene beschrijving

VTP beschikt over een inrichting aan de Tjalkkade 16 in Venlo. Deze locatie ligt op industrieterrein Trade Port, aan de insteekhaven. In figuur 1 is de ligging van de inrichting en de directe omgeving weergegeven. Daarbij is rekening gehouden dat de barge terminal het terrein ten westen van de bestaande inrichting toevoegt aan de eigen inrichting.



figuur 1: ligging inrichting VTP in wit. Industrieterrein Trade Port ligt ten westen van de Maas en ten westen van Venlo Centrum. De A67 ligt 600 meter ten noorden van de inrichting, de A73 1400 meter ten westen van de inrichting.

De primaire activiteit van de VTP die maatgevend is voor externe veiligheid is het exploiteren van een containeroverslagbedrijf voor containers van de weg naar de binnenvaart en andersom. VTP wil deze activiteit uitbreiden, waarbij de doorzet toeneemt naar 235.000 TEU/jaar. De lading bestaat uit allerlei koopmansgoederen, maar geen los gestorte bulkgoederen. Ten behoeve van de op- en overslag van de containers beschikt VTP over gespecialiseerd materieel. Voor een verdere beschrijving van de activiteiten en processen wordt verwezen naar de hoofdtekst van de vergunningaanvraag.

Daarnaast voert VTP hier activiteiten uit die voor externe veiligheid niet relevant zijn, zoals de opslag van niet geklasseerde goederen en onderhoud aan containers en materieel. In een aantal gevallen is bij deze activiteiten wel een veiligheidsrisico, zoals de beperkte opslag van geklasseerde stoffen voor onderhoud, maar dergelijke risico's zijn verwaarloosbaar ten opzichte van de overslag van geklasseerde containers.

3.2 Doorzet geklasseerde stoffen

Niet de totale doorzet, maar de geklasseerde containers zijn bepalend voor de risicoberekening. VTP vraagt een doorzet van 8.640 geklasseerde containers per jaar aan. Deze doorzet is gebaseerd op een groei van de huidige doorzet, een verschuiving van goederen van het spoor naar de binnenvaart en het bedienen van een aantal nieuwe klanten.

3.2.1 Indeling geklasseerde stoffen

Voor een risicobepaling zijn aantallen containers per IMDG-, RID- of ADR-categorie weinig geschikt, omdat binnen één categorie de gevaren op enige afstand (voor externen buiten de inrichting) aanzienlijk verschillen. Daarom is het historische ladingpakket op basis van VN-nummer ingedeeld op basis van de S3b categorieën. Deze speciaal voor externe risico's van transport ontwikkelde methodiek werkt met 2x2 hoofdclusters: Liquid/Gas en Toxic/Flammable, gevolgd door een nummer dat de mate van gevaar aangeeft. Een toxische vloeistof als acrylonitril wordt bijvoorbeeld LT1, een zeer brandbaar gas als propaan wordt bijvoorbeeld GF3. Een deel van de geklasseerde stoffen is voor externe veiligheid niet relevant omdat dit bijvoorbeeld vaste stoffen zijn, stoffen met een lage dampspanning of weinig toxiciteit. Dergelijke stoffen leiden niet tot gevaar buiten de inrichting.

Op basis van de gerealiseerde doorzet en geklasseerde goederenstromen die mogelijk nieuw via deze terminal gaan, hebben we de aan te vragen doorzet bepaald, zoals uitgewerkt in tabel 1.

tabel 1: aangevraagde en gerealiseerde doorzet geklasseerde containers

| Stofcategorie | Volle tankcontainers | Lege, ongereinigde tankcontainers | Boxcontainers | Totaal |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| GF1 t/m GF3 | 60 | 60 | 500 | 620 |
| GT1 t/m GT3 | 5 | 5 | 80 | 90 |
| LF1 + LF2 | 1000 | 400 | 1200 | 2600 |
| LT1 | 600 | 300 | 1200 | 2100 |
| LT2 | 5 | 5 | 20 | 30 |
| Niet relevant (inclusief GF0, GT0 en LT0) | 800 | 300 | 2100 | 3200 |
| Totaal | 2470 | 1070 | 5100 | 8640 |

3.2.2 Risicobepalende activiteiten

Bij de gemodelleerde ongevallen leiden tankcontainers tot veel grotere uitstromingen dan boxcontainers. Op grotere afstand van de inrichting dragen tankcontainers daardoor meer bij, terwijl boxcontainers op en nabij de inrichting een grotere bijdrage aan het risico hebben door hun grotere aantal. Uit testberekeningen volgt dat lege maar ongereinigde containers een kleiner risico veroorzaken dan volle containers. Voor gassen en brandbare vloeistoffen is dit effect verwaarloosbaar¹, voor toxische vloeistoffen hebben we dit effect wel beschouwd.

¹ De minimale afstand tussen een risicobron en een kwetsbaar object is 50 meter. Als een lek of instantaan falen leidt tot een afstand kleiner dan 50 meter, heeft het geen invloed op het al dan niet voldoen aan het plaatsgebonden risico en hebben we de betreffende stofcategorie verwaarloosd.

De HRB beschrijft in Module C hoofdstuk 5 hoe een containeroverslag bedrijf te modelleren. De HRB geeft voor elke categorie een voorbeeldstof maar de voorkeur is om 80% van de doorzet van een risicobepalende categorie met de werkelijk vervoerde stoffen door te rekenen. Voor VTP is de risicobepaling gezien de grote verscheidenheid in stoffen en onzekerheid over nieuwe goederenstromen geheel gebaseerd op de voorbeeldstoffen uit de HRB:

- GF3: Propaan
- GT3: Ammoniak
- LF2: Hexaan
- LT1: Acrylonitril
- LT2: Allylamine

3.2.3 Overige stofcategorieën

Enkele ADR-klassen worden via de modellering meegenomen in de QRA, maar staan niet expliciet genoemd. Zo gelden voor bijvoorbeeld peroxidebranden geen afwijkende scenario's en wordt deze categorie stoffen als 'gewone' brand gemodelleerd. De QRA is dus, voor zover de voorgeschreven modellering geldig is, ook representatief voor deze klassen.

ADR-klassen 1 (ontplobbare stoffen) en 7 (ioniserende stoffen) worden niet aangevraagd.

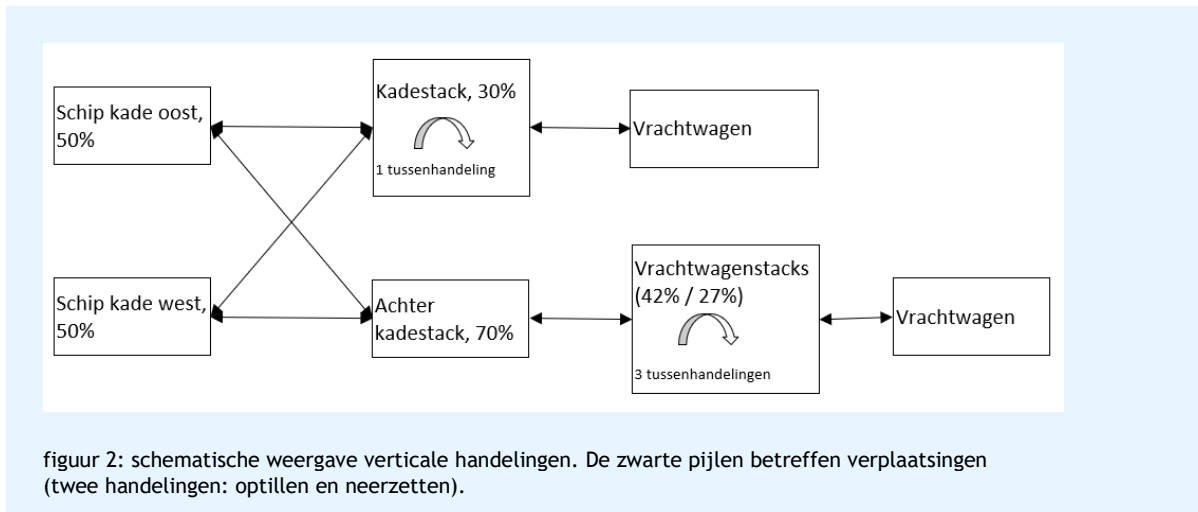
Externe risico's van deze stoffen komen zonder meer niet terug in een QRA-berekening maar zijn voor deze inrichting ook niet relevant.

3.3 Beschrijving activiteiten met geklasseerde containers

De hoofdactiviteit van de inrichting bestaat uit het overplaatsen van containers van de modaliteit 'schip' (binnenvaart) naar de modaliteit 'wegverkeer' (vrachtwagen) en andersom. Hierbij vindt tussentijdse opslag van de containers in stacks plaats. In deze paragraaf wordt de routing van de containers nader beschreven. Tussen haakjes staat het aantal verticale bewegingen per handeling, dat nodig is voor het bepalen van de ongevalskans. De totale ongevalskans per behandelde container wordt in hoofdstuk 4 nader behandeld.

VTP beschikt in de toekomstige situatie aan de noordzijde van de inrichting over twee kades van beide circa 120 meter lang. In geval van een binnenkomend schip hijst één van de twee kadekranen de containers van het schip (1) en in het geval van geklasseerde stoffen plaatst de kraan de containers op een daarvoor aangewezen plaats in de kadestack (1) of achter de kadestack (1), om te worden doorgeplaatst in de vrachtwagenstack. In dat geval pakt een reachstacker de container op (1) om deze in een vrachtwagenstack met geklasseerde stoffen te plaatsen (1).

Na een periode van tijdelijke tussenplaatsing in de stack tilt een reachstacker de containers weer uit de stack (1) en plaatst ze direct op een vrachtwagen (1). Dit proces vindt ook in omgekeerde richting plaats. Een container ondergaat hiermee vier handelingen als hij via het kadestack gaat en zes verticale handelingen bij tussenplaatsing in het vrachtwagenstack. Vanuit de kadestack tilt de kadekraan de container op (1) en plaatst deze direct op de vrachtwagen (1). In dat geval ondervindt een container in totaal vier handelingen. Daarnaast is soms nodig om een container binnen de stacks te verplaatsen om bijvoorbeeld de container eronder of ernaast te kunnen oppakken. Hiervoor rekenen we één extra handeling in de kadestack en drie extra handelingen in de vrachtwagenstack. Figuur 2 is een schematische weergave van verticale handelingen.

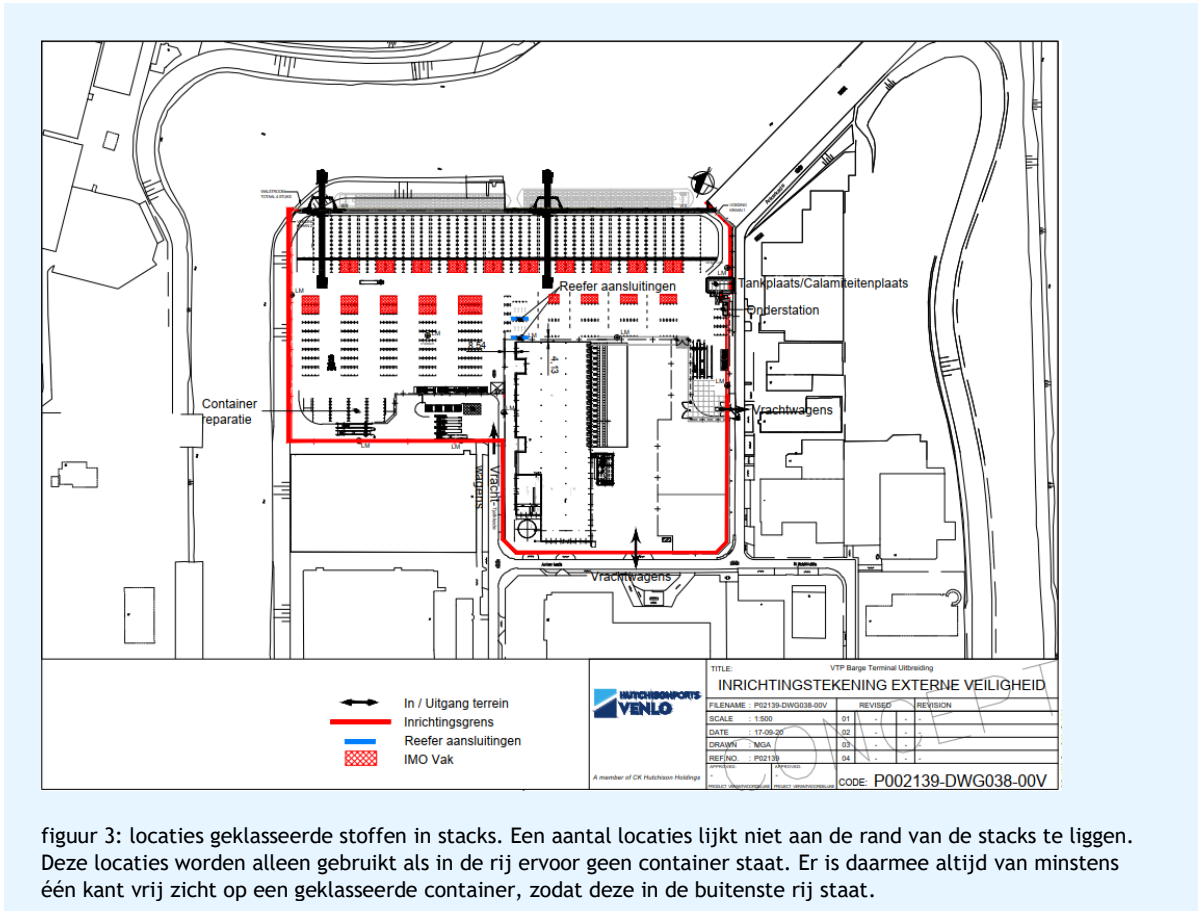


Een geklasseerde container bevindt zich maximaal veertien dagen op het terrein van de inrichting, maar in praktijk is dit korter. In de berekeningen gaan we worst-case uit van deze maximale verblijftijd van veertien dagen.

Voor containers met geklasseerde stoffen zijn specifieke locaties in de stacks aangewezen. Figuur 3 toont de ligging van de stacks en aangewezen locaties. De stackposities voor geklasseerde containers zijn met rood aangegeven. Hoewel deze tekening anders doet vermoeden, wordt hierbij wel aan randstacking voldaan: de locaties die niet in een buitenste rij liggen, worden alleen voor geklasseerde containers gebruikt als de rij ervoor leeg is. De geklasseerde containers worden maximaal drie hoog gestapeld.

Binnen de inrichting staat een grote opslagloods. Deze loods wordt *niet* gebruikt voor de opslag van geklasseerde stoffen.

Transporten over de weg verlaten de inrichting via de Tjalkkade, Groot Bollerweg en de Eindhovenseweg naar de snelwegen A73 en A67 die tot het Basisnet weg behoren. De binnenvaartschepen varen vanuit de haven de Maas op. Deze vaarweg maakt deel uit van het Basisnet water. Omdat bijna alle containers worden overgeslagen van weg naar water of andersom, worden zowel over de ontsluitingswegen als vanuit de insteekhaven naar de Maas 8.640 containers vervoerd.



figuur 3: locaties geklasseerde stoffen in stacks. Een aantal locaties lijkt niet aan de rand van de stacks te liggen. Deze locaties worden alleen gebruikt als in de rij ervoor geen container staat. Er is daarmee altijd van minstens één kant vrij zicht op een geklasseerde container, zodat deze in de buitenste rij staat.

4. Uitvoering QRA

4.1 Uitgangspunten

De Handleiding Risicoberekeningen Bevi, versie 4.2, van 1 april 2020 schrijft voor hoe een QRA uitgevoerd moet worden. In hoofdstuk 5 van Module C staan de voorschriften uitgewerkt voor een stuwadoorsbedrijf.

De hier voorgeschreven ongevalskansen gelden modelmatig voor een standaardsituatie. Dit omvat bijvoorbeeld preventieve en repressieve maatregelen om escalatie van bovengenoemde brand naar een andere container te voorkomen, zoals een plaatsingssysteem, dat bij de toekenning van posities rekening houdt met de IMDG-scheidingsregels, respectievelijk begrenzing van vloeistofbranden. Ook moet een (tank)container met geklasseerde stoffen altijd zo zijn opgesteld, dat deze in geval van lekkage of erger bereikbaar is, door deze uitsluitend aan de buitenkant van de stacks te plaatsen. Dit soort veiligheidsmaatregelen maakt deel uit van de algemene infrastructurele voorzieningen, zoals bijvoorbeeld een calamiteitenplaats, hulpmiddelen, zoals ter bestrijding van morsingen (spills) en de veiligheidsorganisatie (Veiligheids-Beheers-Systeem op grond van ARI&E).

4.2 Ongevalsscenario's

De ongevalsscenario's zijn te verdelen in scenario's gerelateerd aan overslag en stacks.

4.2.1 Overslagscenario's

Tijdens het traject over de terminal vinden meerdere overslaghandelingen met een container plaats die kunnen leiden tot een vrijzetting van de gevaarlijke inhoud. Per standaardoverslag van zes verticale handelingen wordt een kans van 10^{-6} op een lekkage en 10^{-7} op een grote uitstroming aangehouden.

Een standaardoverslag omvat meerdere interne handelingen, waarbij verticale handelingen (hijsen, overzetten en stapelen) als het meest risicovol worden gezien. Een ongevalskans wordt per handeling daarom verdeeld tussen beginpunt (bijvoorbeeld loshandeling zeeschip) en eindpunt (bijvoorbeeld plaatsing op de vrachtwagen), met verwaarlozing van het (horizontale) traject daartussen.

Ongevalsscenario's zijn gekoppeld aan de overslag van tankcontainers en boxcontainers. De ongevalskans wordt evenredig met de verticale handelingen over het terrein verdeeld. De bijdrage van horizontaal transport is verwaarloosbaar. In tabellen 2 en 3 staan de faalkansen uitgewerkt en verdeeld over de ongevalslocaties.

tabel 2: faalkansen per zes overslaghandelingen

| Stof-categorie | Vol | | | Leeg | | | Boxcontainer | |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Aantal | Groot lek | Klein lek | Aantal | Groot lek | Klein lek | Aantal | Faalkans |
| GF3 | 60 | 6,0E-06 | 6,0E-05 | 60 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 500 | Niet gemodelleerd |
| GT3 | 5 | 5,0E-07 | 5,0E-06 | 5 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 80 | 8,0E-05 |
| LF2 | 1000 | 1,0E-04 | 1,0E-03 | 400 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 1200 | Niet gemodelleerd |
| LT1 | 600 | 6,0E-05 | 6,0E-04 | 300 | 3,0E-05 | 3,0E-04 | 1200 | 1,2E-03 |
| LT2 | 5 | 5,0E-07 | 5,0E-06 | 5 | 5,0E-07 | 5,0E-06 | 20 | 2,0E-05 |

tabel 3: verdeling ongevalskansen overslaghandelingen

| Locatie | Fractie doorzet | Handelingen | Ongevaskans |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Kade west | 0,500 | 1 | 0,083 |
| Kade oost | 0,500 | 1 | 0,083 |
| Kadestack | 0,303 | 3 | 0,152 |
| Doorplaatsing uit kadestack | 0,303 | 1 | 0,051 |
| Doorplaatsing naar vrachtwagenstack | 0,697 | 2 | 0,232 |
| Landstack west | 0,424 | 6 | 0,424 |
| Landstack oost | 0,273 | 6 | 0,273 |

4.2.2 Stackscenario's

Naast de eerder genoemde ongevallen tijdens overslag, kan een gevaarlijke stof ook vrijkomen tijdens de tussenplaatsing, dus ergens tijdens verblijf binnen de inrichting zonder overslag-handelingen. De HRB schrijft dit scenario alleen voor bij volle tankcontainers. Voor intrinsiek falen geldt een vaste kans van $5 \cdot 10^{-7}$ /jaar. Dat levert in combinatie met de gemiddelde aanwezigheid van veertien dagen per container als faalkansen:

tabel 4: bepaling ongevalskansen instantaan falen

| Scenario | Basiskans | Aantal | Verblijftijd | Faalkans |
|----------|-----------|--------|----------------|----------------|
| GF3 | 5,00E-07 | 60 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 1,2E-06 / jaar |
| GT3 | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 9,6E-08 / jaar |
| LF2 | 5,00E-07 | 1000 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 1,9E-05 / jaar |
| LT1 | 5,00E-07 | 600 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 1,2E-05 / jaar |
| LT2 | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 9,6E-08 / jaar |
| LT1_leeg | 5,00E-07 | 300 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 5,8E-06 / jaar |
| LT2_leeg | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 14 dagen: 3,8% | 9,6E-08 / jaar |

Het hieraan gekoppelde scenario is catastrofaal falen (instantaan vrijkomen van de gehele inhoud), wat we naar evenredigheid over de stacks hebben verdeeld: 30,3% kadestack, 42,4% vrachtwagenstack west en 27,3% vrachtwagenstack oost.

De handleiding schrijft voor om voor brandbare gassen ook het BLEVE-scenario te beschouwen, waarbij een tankcontainer GF3 instantaan faalt als gevolg van een plasbrand. Dit scenario is afhankelijk van de doorzet aan brandbare vloeistoffen (LF2) en brandbare gassen (GF3) en de kans dat deze bij elkaar in de buurt staan. Deze kans hebben we uitgewerkt in onderstaande tabel per stackblok.

De overslag van LF2 kan tot een plasbrand leiden. In 90% van de gevallen kan deze brand tijdig worden geblust, in 10% leidt dit scenario tot een plasbrand met een diameter van 34 meter. De trefkans is afhankelijk van het aantal grondplaatsen, de stackhoogte en uiteraard de hoeveelheid stoffen uit de categorie GF3. De HRB gaat ervan uit dat de containers in een lange rij staan. Dit is niet representatief voor VTP, waar de containers geclusterd staan (zie figuur 3). In deze risicoberekeningen gaan we uit dat in geval van een plasbrand het betreffende cluster geheel binnen de plasbrand komt te staan en dat een plasbrand niet tot een ander cluster reikt.

tabel 5: uitwerking kans op een BLEVE GF3 in stacks

| Locatie | Kadestack | Vrachtwagenstack west | Vrachtwagenstack oost |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Omschrijving stack | 10 clusters van 2x3 containers | 28 grondplaatsen, 3 hoog. Verdeeld over 5 clusters | 18 grondplaatsen, 3 hoog. Verdeeld over 4 clusters |
| Stackplaatsen | 60 | 84 | 54 |
| Fractie doorzet | 30,3% | 42,4% | 27,3% |
| Doorzet LF [volle tankcontainers/jaar] | 303 | 424 | 273 |
| Verticale handelingen per container | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| Kans plasbrand als gevolg van groot lek | 0,13 | 0,13 | 0,13 |
| Factor repressie | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 |
| Kans grote plasbrand [/jaar] | 2,6E-07 | 5,5E-07 | 3,5E-07 |
| Trefkans bij plasbrand in stack | 10% | 20% | 25% |
| Aantal tankcontainers GF3/jaar | 18 | 25 | 16 |
| Fractie jaar | 3,8% | 3,8% | 3,8% |
| Kans BLEVE GF3 [/jaar] | 1,8E-08 | 1,1E-07 | 5,6E-08 |
| Relatieve kans BLEVE | 17% | 100% | 52% |

4.2.3 Modelinvoer

De scenario's zoals in bovenstaande paragrafen beschreven, staan opgesomd in onderstaande tabel.

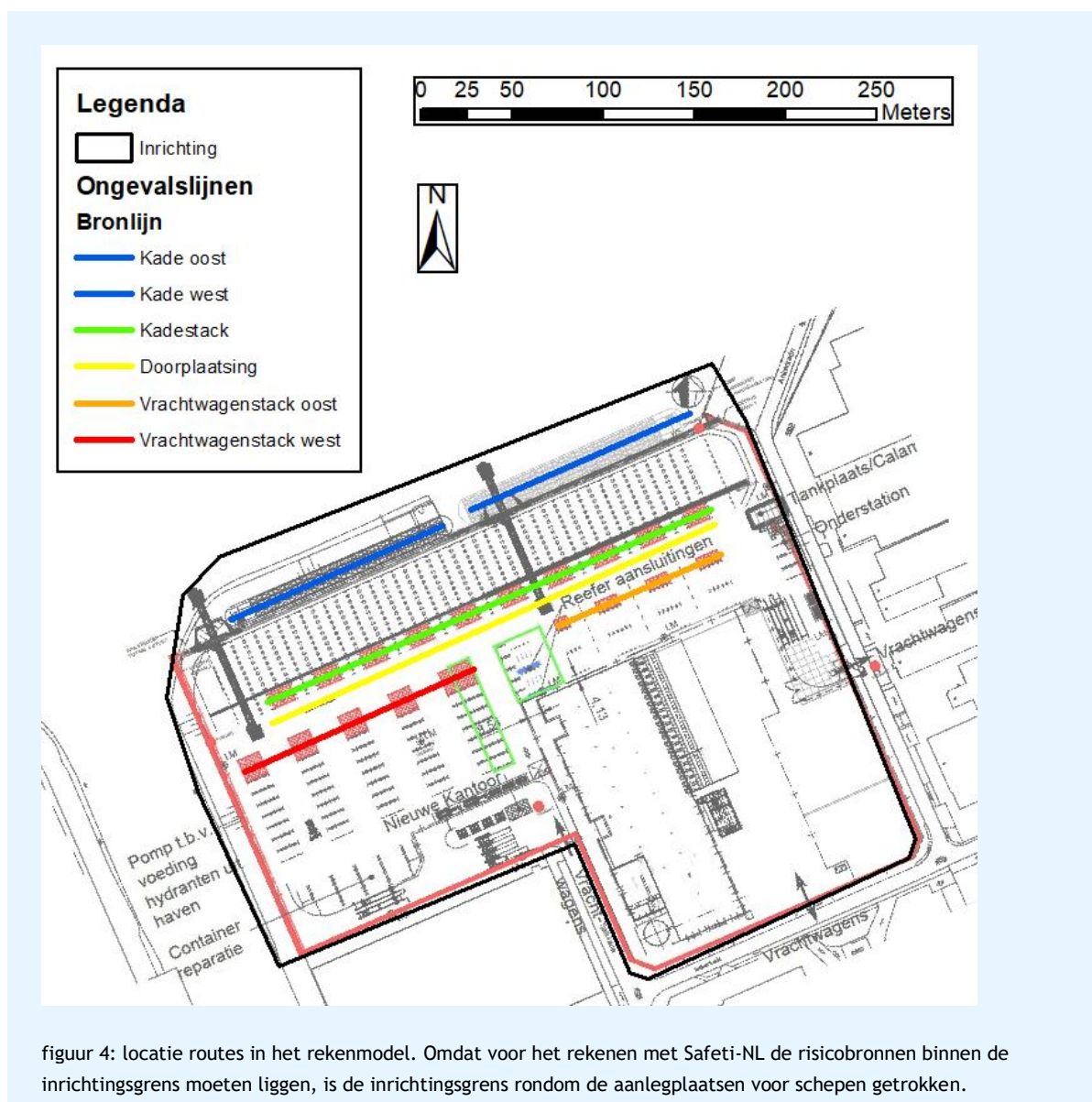
tabel 6: gemodelleerde scenario's QRA

| Scenario | Inhoud | Grootte gat | Bund (bij vloeistoffen) | Opmerking |
|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Tankcontainer, groot lek | Gas: 20 m ³ Vloeistof 28 m ³ | 50 mm | - 900 m ² | In het model afgekort met Tgr |
| Tankcontainer, klein lek | | Gas: 10mm Vloeistof: 20 mm | - 180 m ² | In het model afgekort met Tkl |
| Instantaan falen | Gas: 20 m ³ Vloeistof 28 m ³ | - | Vol: 1.400 m ² Leeg: 300 m ² | In het model afgekort met Tit |
| Boxcontainer, toxisch gas, continu vrijkomen in boxcontainer | 1.000 kg | 15 mm | - | Inpandig vrijkomen in een container (6 * 2,5 * 2,5m) |
| Boxcontainer, toxische vloeistof, continu vrijkomen in 30s | 1 m ³ | - | 200 m ² | |
| Lege tankcontainer, groot lek | Gas: 20 m ³ , 0,1 bar g | 50 mm | 200 m ² | In het model afgekort met Lgr |
| Lege tankcontainer, klein lek | Vloeistof 1 m ³ | Gas: 10mm Vloeistof: 20 mm | - 180 m ² | In het model afgekort met Lkl |

4.3 Implementatie

De gemodelleerde ongevallen zijn met een aantal basislijnen verdeeld over de terminal evenredig naar voorkomen. Figuur 4 toont de ligging van deze lijnen. Hoe alle voornoemde factoren zijn verwerkt, is te zien in bijlage 3. Het resultaat is voor elke basislijn een fractie.

Door de stapgrootte per lijn op te geven, modelleert Safeti-NL vervolgens op elke zogenoemde 'transportroute' meerdere ongevalspunten met evenredige vermindering van de ongevalskans per punt. Rekening houdend met de relatief kleine omvang van de terminal en het aantal door te rekenen stoffen, rekenen we met een stapgrootte van 25 meter.



figuur 4: locatie routes in het rekenmodel. Omdat voor het rekenen met Safeti-NL de risicobronnen binnen de inrichtingsgrens moeten liggen, is de inrichtingsgrens rondom de aanlegplaatsen voor schepen getrokken.

4.4 Populatie

Om het groepsrisico te bepalen, hebben we de populatie in de omgeving van de VTP ingevoerd op basis van de BAG-populatieservice van juli 2020. De wijze waarop we de populatie hebben geïnventariseerd en aangevuld, staat beschreven in bijlage 1.

4.5 Diverse invoergegevens

Verspreidingsparameters

De gebruikte weerklassenverdeling is afkomstig uit het Safeti-NL rekenpakket. De gegevens van Volkel, met een dag- en een nachtgemiddelde zijn representatief voor dit gebied.

De HRB geeft aan dat voor industrieterreinen een ruwheidslengte van 1 meter representatief is. Open water heeft een ruwheidslengte van enkele cm, maar grote gebouwen, stackblokken en de aangemeerde zeeschepen leiden tot een hogere ruwheidslengte. Gekozen is voor de standaard ruwheidslengte van 0,3 meter, wat in vergelijking met bovenstaande een worst-case benadering is. Een grotere ruwheidslengte leidt namelijk tot meer verdunning en daarmee lagere risico's.

Ontstekingsbronnen

Een aantal scenario's (GF) heeft als mogelijk vervolgeffect een vertraagde ontsteking. Om de locatie en kans van een vertraagde ontsteking te beschouwen, hebben we de onderstaande ontstekingsbronnen gemodelleerd binnen 200 meter van een ongevalslocatie. Inschattingen sluiten aan op het akoestisch onderzoek of als schatting van de feitelijke situatie. Bij de berekening van het PR houdt Safeti-NL bovendien rekening met een directe ontsteking op de inrichtingsgrens (de zogenoemde 'free field'-ontsteking).

tabel 7: overzicht ontstekingsbronnen

| Ontstekingsbron | Ontstekingskans | Toelichting |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Intern transport met vrachtwagens | 0,4/min | 250 bewegingen per dag |
| Transport Ankerkade en Tjalkkade | 0,4/min | 250 bewegingen per dag |
| Intern transport met reachstackers | 0,4/min | 250 bewegingen per dag |
| Binnenvaart | 0,5/min | 20 bewegingen per dag |

Overige modelinstellingen

Safeti-NL 8.3 berekent een overliddenskans voor binnen en buiten². Met uitzondering van het recreatieterrein en nabijgelegen overslagterrein (beide 100% buiten) zijn we uitgegaan van de standaardverdeling van 93% overdag inpandig en 99% 's nachts inpandig.

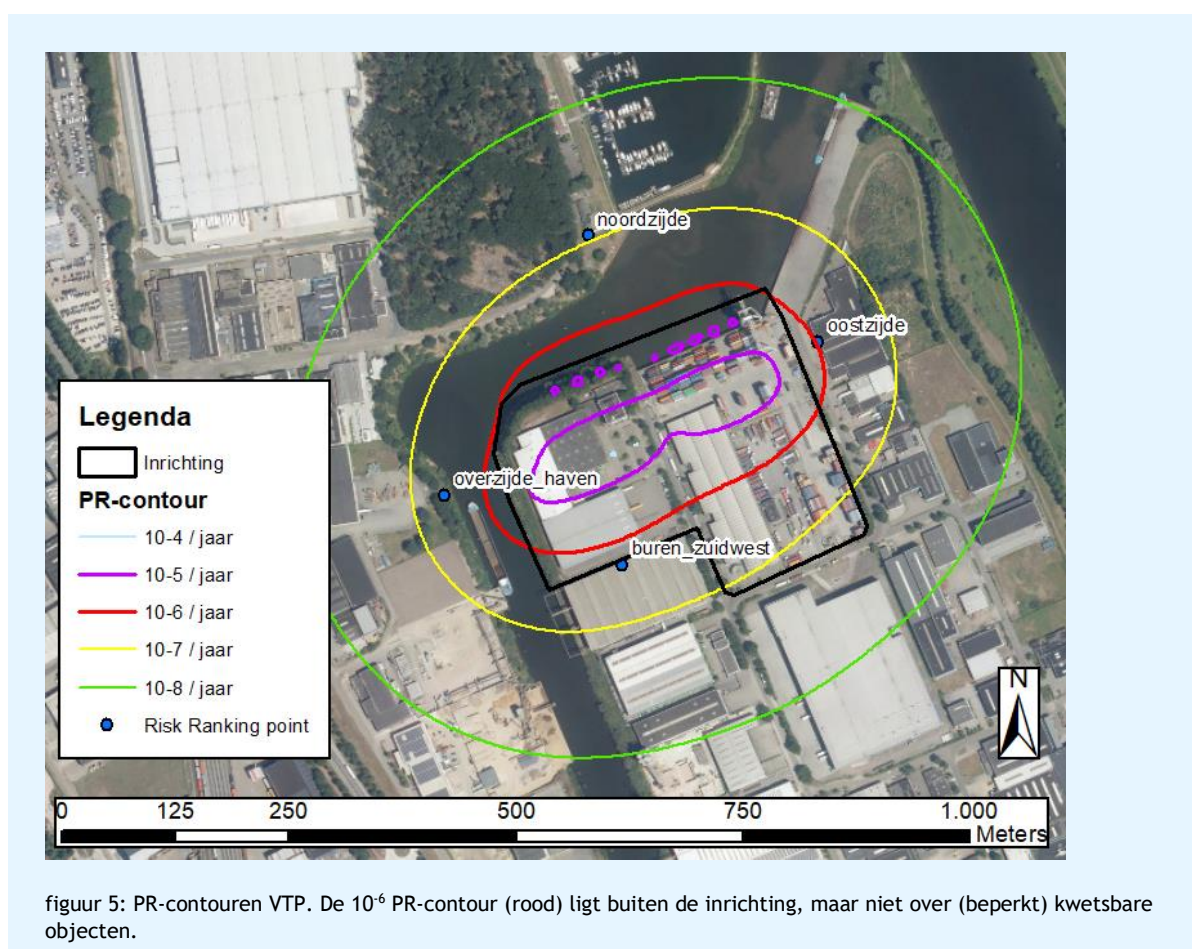
Als continu bedrijf gaan we uit van de standaardverdeling van 44% dagsituatie en 56% nachtsituatie.

² Dit in tegenstelling tot Safeti-NL versie 6.54, wat met een standaard correctiefactor de overliddenskans verkleint. Inpandig is de overliddenskans bij toxische scenario's 90% kleiner.

5. Resultaten

5.1 Plaatsgebonden risico

Figuur 5 toont de PR-contouren volgens de beschreven berekening. De 10^{-6} contour (rode lijn) is de wettelijke grenswaarde en ligt buiten de inrichting. De naastgelegen panden van Container Trucking Venlo en Schreurs Ex-tra liggen enkele meters buiten deze contour. Aan andere zijden liggen kwetsbare en beperkt kwetsbare objecten ruim buiten de 10^{-6} PR-contour, zodat wordt voldaan aan de grenswaarde voor het plaatsgebonden risico.



Voor de risk ranking points (blauwe punten) zoals in figuur 5 aangegeven, is de bijdrage per bron bepaald. Het punt aan de oostzijde is ook representatief voor de 10^{-6} PR-contour³. Tabel 8 is een uitwerking van de risico's bij deze risk ranking points.

Uit de risk ranking points volgt dat de grootste bijdrage ter hoogte van de risk ranking points wordt veroorzaakt door de overslag van LT1 en boxcontainers GT3. Dicht bij de risicobronnen, zoals het punt aan de oostzijde, spelen brandbare gassen en het kleine lekscenario nog een rol, op grotere afstand, zoals het punt aan de noordzijde worden de scenario's met grotere effectafstanden (GT3, LT2 en groot lek LT1) belangrijker.

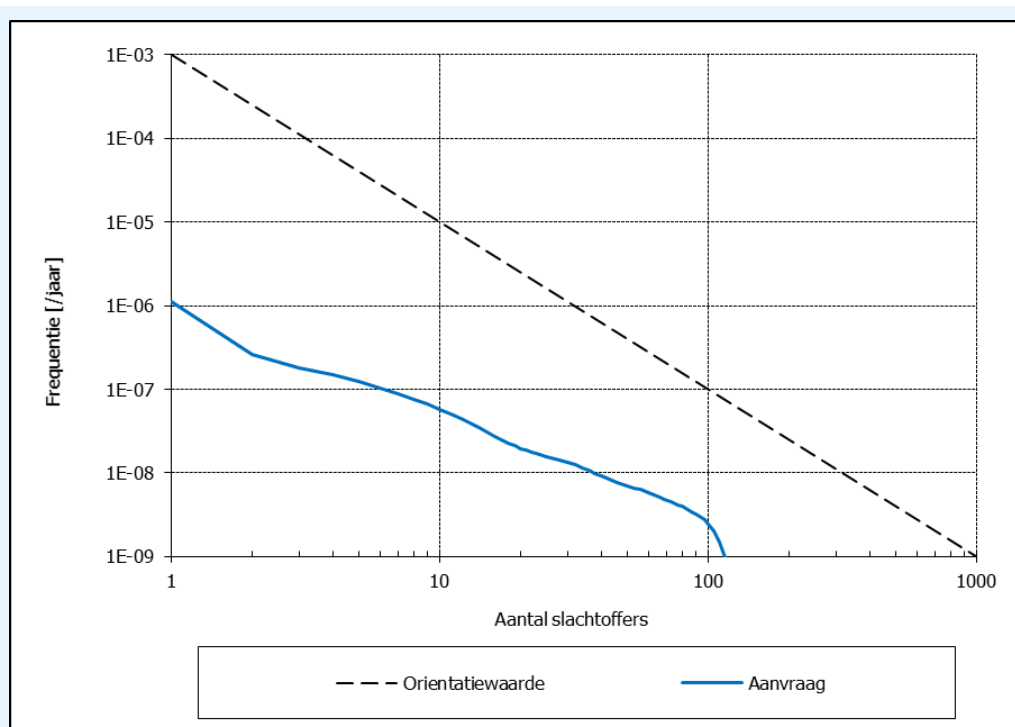
³ De samenstelling op de 10^{-6} PR contour is afhankelijk van de ligging ten opzichte van de risicobronnen. Aan de oostzijde is vanwege de overheersende windrichting de bijdrage van toxische scenario's groter aan de westzijde de bijdrage van brandbare scenario's. Al zijn deze verschillen marginaal.

tabel 8: bijdrage per risicobron

| Risk ranking point | Oostzijde | Zuidzijde | Westzijde | Noordzijde |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Afstand tot meest nabije risicobron | 60 m | 120 m | 100 m | 150 m |
| Omvang PR | $8,8 * 10^{-7}$ | $4,5 * 10^{-7}$ | $2,4 * 10^{-8}$ | $8,8 * 10^{-8}$ |
| Grootste bijdrage | Groot lek LT1, 28% | Groot lek LT1, 32% | Groot lek LT1, 34% | Groot lek LT1, 38% |
| Tweede bijdrage | Instantaan falen GF3, 13% | Boxcontainers GT3, 19% | Boxcontainers GT3, 21% | Groot lek GT3, 28% |
| Derde bijdrage | Boxcontainers GT3, 12% | Instantaan falen GF3, 9,3% | Groot lek GT3, 11% | Boxcontainers GT3, 22% |
| Vierde bijdrage | Klein lek LT1, 10% | Klein lek LT1, 7,7% | Instantaan falen GF3, 8,3% | Groot lek LT2, 4,7% |
| Vijfde bijdrage | Groot lek GT3, 5,9% | Groot lek GT3, 7,7% | Klein lek LT1, 6,3% | Klein lek LT2, 2,4% |
| Zesde bijdrage | Groot lek GF3, 5,6% | BLEVE GF3, 6,8% | Boxcontainers LT2, 3,9% | Boxcontainers LT2, 1,9% |
| Zevende bijdrage | Boxcontainers LT1, 4,2% | Boxcontainers LT2, 4,1% | BLEVE GF3, 3,6% | Klein lek LT1, 0,9% |
| Achtste bijdrage | Klein lek GT3, 4,2% | Groot lek LT2, 3,0% | Groot lek LT2, 3,3% | Instantaan falen LT2, 0,6% |
| Overige bijdragen | 17% | 10% | 9,0% | 1,0% |

5.2 Groepsrisico

Figuur 6 toont de fN-curve volgens de beschreven berekening (blauwe lijn). De kans op tien slachtoffers is $5,8 * 10^{-8}$, het maximum aantal slachtoffers (bij een kans van 10^{-9}) is 135. De curve is maximaal 0,026 keer de oriëntatiewaarde (zwarte stippellijn) met een kans van $1,2 * 10^{-7}$ bij 90 slachtoffers. De omvang van het groepsrisico wordt voornamelijk (circa 75%) bepaald door GT3, gevolgd door GF3 (22%) en voor de rest door LT2 (3%).



figuur 6: fN-curve groepsrisico aanvraag VTP

5.3 Effectafstanden

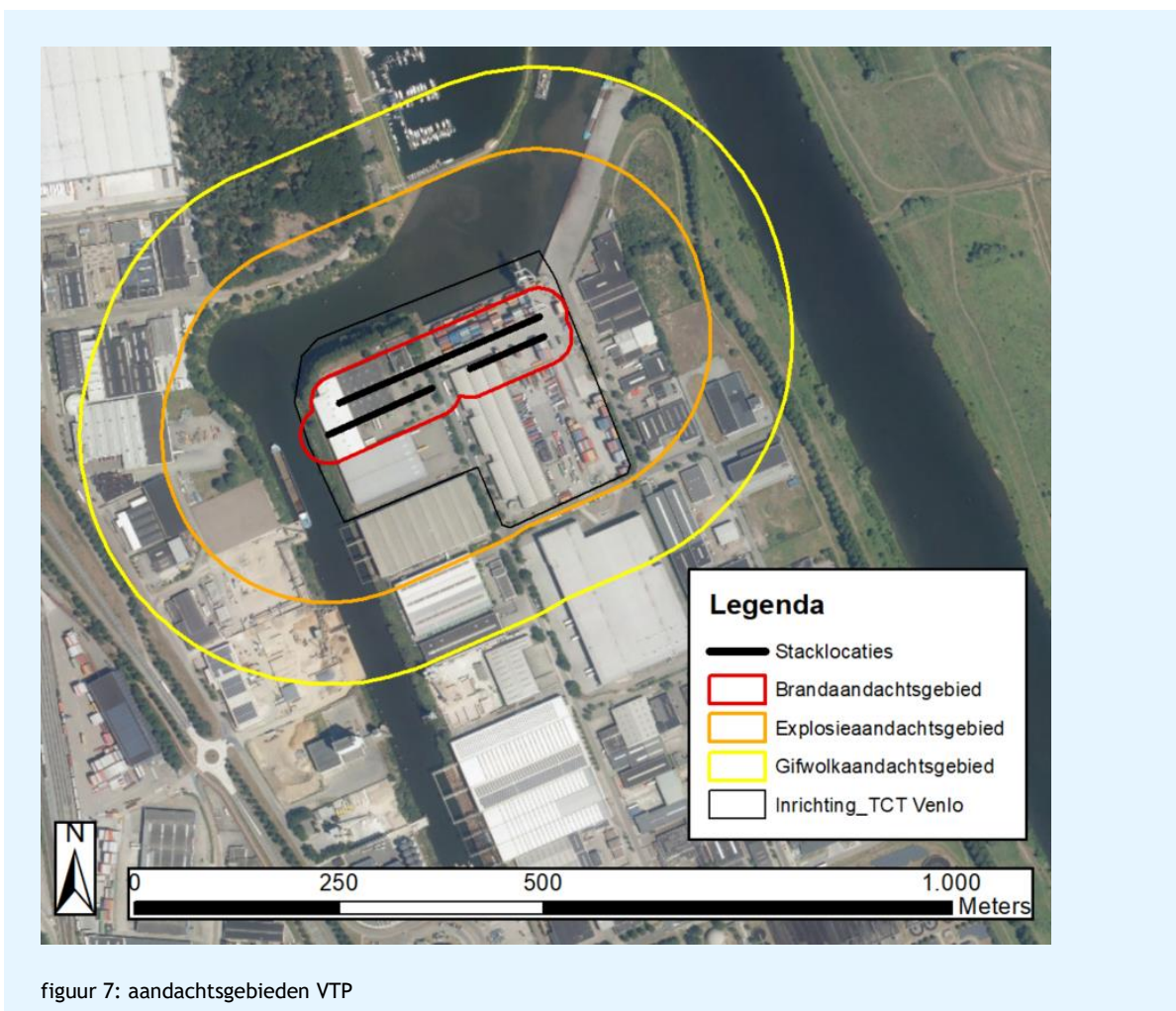
In bijlage 4 hebben we het SMEZ-rapport opgenomen met maximale effectafstanden. Voor brandbare stoffen is dit 208 meter bij het instantaan falen van een tankcontainer GF3 in combinatie met weertype D 1,5. Voor een toxisch scenario is dit 634 meter bij een groot lek van een tankcontainer met LT2 in combinatie met weertype F1,5.

5.4 Aandachtsgebieden

Per 1 januari 2022 treedt de omgevingswet in werking. Voor containeroverslagbedrijven zonder LT3, LT4 en GT5 gelden de voorgeschreven afstanden uit tabel E.9 van bijlage VII van het Besluit kwaliteit leefomgeving:

- 30 meter voor het brandaandachtsgebied;
- 200 meter voor het explosieaandachtsgebied;
- 300 meter voor het gifwolkaandachtsgebied.

Deze afstanden gelden vanaf de locatie van opslag. In figuur 7 hebben we deze aandachtsgebieden gevisualiseerd. Het brandaandachtsgebied ligt binnen de inrichting of op open water. Het explosieaandachtsgebied reikt, net als het gifwolkaandachtsgebied, wel tot over naastgelegen terreinen.



figuur 7: aandachtsgebieden VTP

Het bevoegd gezag heeft de mogelijkheid om voor het brandaandachtsgebied en het explosieaandachtsgebied bouwkundige maatregelen voor te schrijven door een brandvoorschriftengebied of explosievoorschriftengebied vast te stellen. Voor zeer kwetsbare gebouwen, zoals ziekenhuizen en basisscholen is het verplicht om dit voorschriftengebied vast te stellen. In dit geval komen geen zeer kwetsbare gebouwen voor binnen de aandachtsgebieden en heeft de gemeente de mogelijkheid om een kleiner of geen voorschriftengebied vast te stellen. Redenen om geen voorschriftengebieden vast te stellen zijn bijvoorbeeld de functies en bezettingsgraad van gebouwen in de omgeving en de relatief kleine faalkans met 'slechts' 60 vergunde volle tankcontainers GF3 per jaar, die ook nog eens verdeeld over meerdere stacks staan tussengeplaatst.

6. Conclusie

DGMR Industrie, Verkeer en Milieu B.V. heeft in opdracht van TCT Venlo B.V. het externe risico berekend van de inrichting van VTP aan de Tjalkkade 16 in Venlo inclusief de voorgenomen uitbreiding. Dit onderzoek wordt uitgevoerd in het kader van de aanvraag van een omgevingsvergunning ter revisie van het onderdeel milieu voor deze vestiging, alsook de wijziging van het bestemmingsplan voor het terrein waarop deze voorgenomen uitbreiding wordt gerealiseerd. Daarbij zijn de doorzet aan geklasseerde stoffen, inclusief opslag en verladingen naar schepen en vrachtwagens beschouwd en de risico's berekend met Safeti-NL versie 8.3.

De 10^{-6} /jaar-contour van het plaatsgebonden risico ligt net buiten de inrichting. Ter plaatse van kwetsbare objecten buiten de inrichting wordt voldaan aan de grenswaarde van $1 \cdot 10^{-6}$ /jaar. De aangevraagde situatie leidt tot een groepsrisico van maximaal 0,026 keer de oriëntatiewaarde. Het bevoegd gezag moet dit groepsrisico verantwoorden bij vergunningverlening. De veiligheidsregio heeft daarbij adviesrecht ten aanzien van bestrijdbaarheid en zelfredzaamheid.



ir. E.A. (Edward) Vermaas
DGMR Industrie, Verkeer en Milieu B.V.

Bijlage 1

Titel

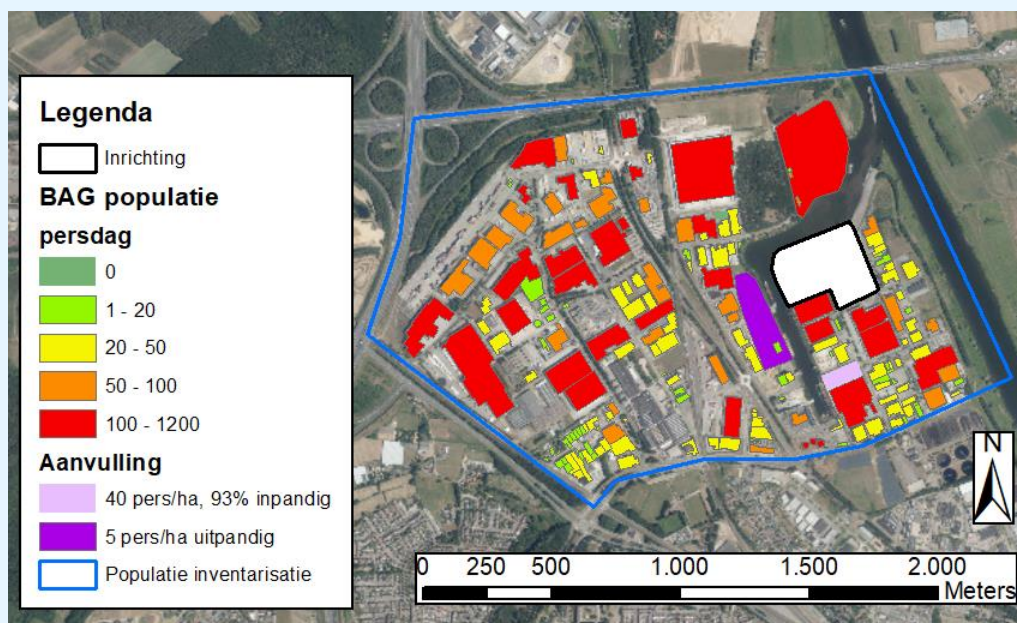
Populatie

We hebben de meest recente BAG-populatie (juli 2020) op bedrijventerrein Venlo Trade Port opgevraagd op pandniveau. Dit is het blauw omrande gebied in figuur B2.1. Het scenario met de grootste effectafstand is een groot lek van LT2 met 634 m⁴. Alleen aan de oostzijde omvat het aangevraagde gebied niet de gehele zone binnen 634 meter, maar boven de Maas en een klein stuk uiterwaard is de populatie verwaarloosbaar. Daarmee is de gehanteerde populatie representatief voor het gehele invloedsgebied.

De populatie die de BAG-populatieservice aangeeft, hebben we op twee locaties aangevuld tijdens de dagperiode:

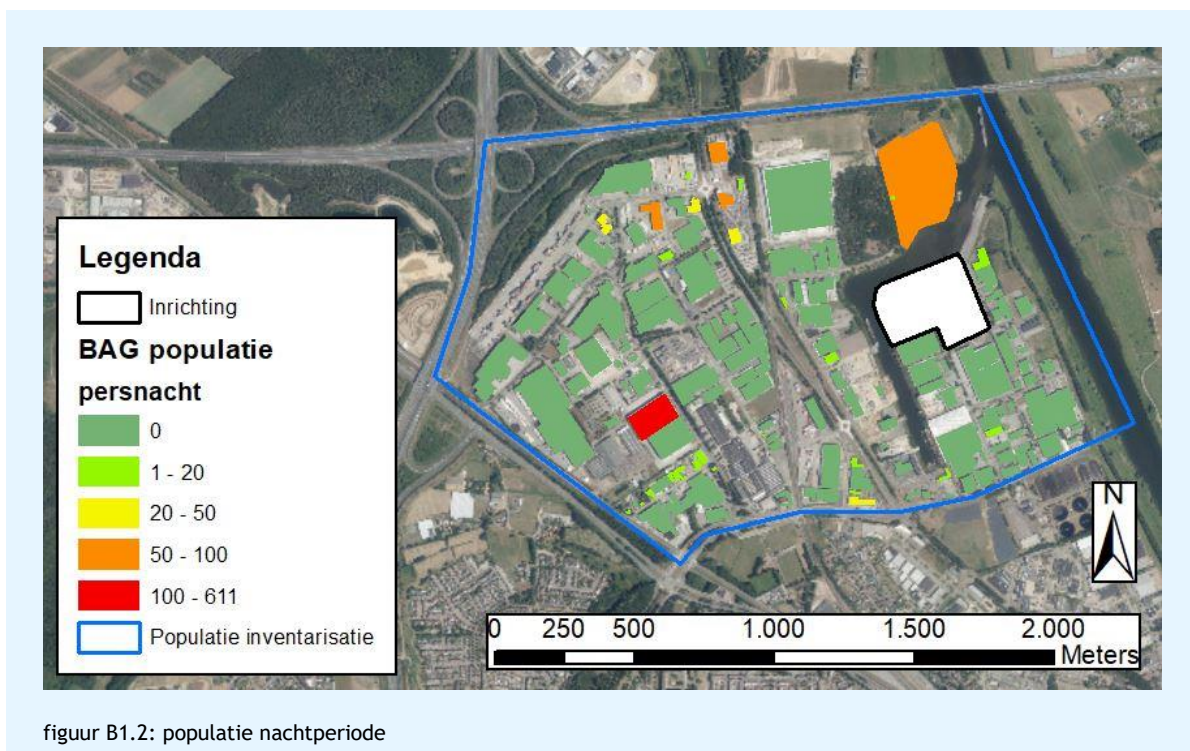
- Eén van de gebouwen aan de Tjalkkade was niet opgenomen in de BAG-populatie; we hebben dit gebouw toegevoegd op basis van 40 pers/ha in de dagperiode met de standaard fractie van 93% binnen en 7% buiten.
- Het achterterrein van een paar bedrijven ten westen van VTP wordt gebruikt voor overslag. Voor deze locaties hebben we gerekend met 5 pers/ha in de dagperiode die volledig buiten werken.

Deze twee aanvullingen hebben we met paars opgenomen in figuur B1.1. Overige invullingen van de BAG zijn niet aangepast, omdat zij ver van de planlocatie liggen of een relatief klein oppervlak betreffen. In beide gevallen is de invloed op het groepsrisico minimaal en daarom niet beschouwd.



figuur B1.1: populatie dagperiode

⁴ Dit is bij weersklasse F1,5 en kan alleen in de nachtperiode voorkomen. Tijdens de dagperiode heeft een groot lek van GT3 bij weersklasse D1,5 de grootste letaliteitsafstand met 604 m.



figuur B1.2: populatie nachtperiode

De meest nabijgelegen populatie is maatgevend voor het groepsrisico. Tabel B1.1 toont de panden die (deels) binnen de 10^{-7} PR-contour liggen.

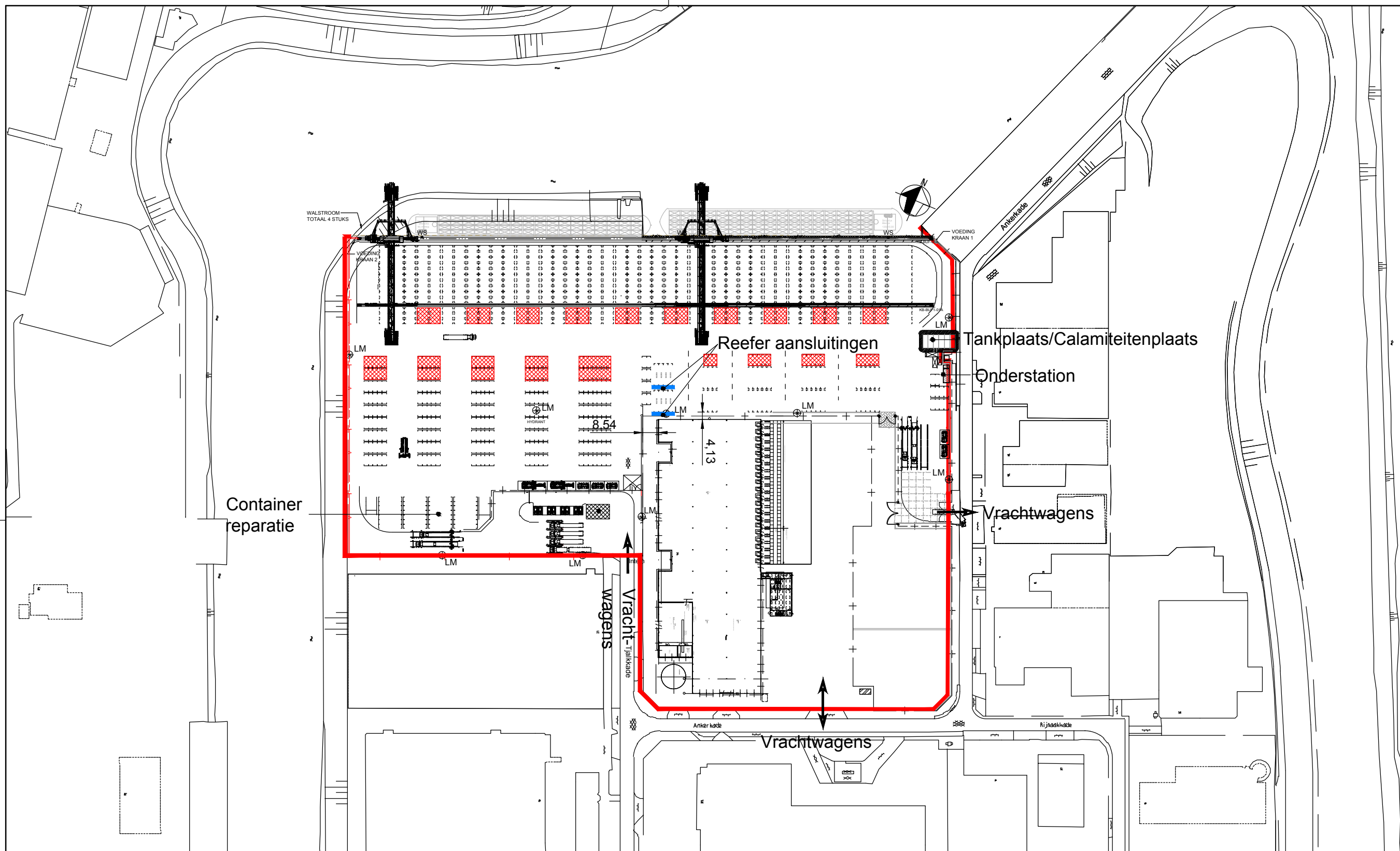
tabel B1.1: populatie naastgelegen panden

| Object | Personen overdag | Personen nachtperiode | Toelichting |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| (1:Weerdsprong) | 127 | 81 | Recreatieterrein, 100% uitpandig |
| P0983100000027589 | 16 | 0 | |
| P0983100000027604 | 82 | 10 | Container Trucking BV; populatie lijkt hoog voor type gebouw |
| P0983100000027605 | 29 | 0 | Schreurs Ex-tra |
| P0983100000027606 | 10 | 0 | Zone laser Tag |
| P0983100000027607 | 28 | 0 | Schreurs Ex-tra |
| P0983100000027635 | 106 | 0 | Loods Tjalkkade (gebruiker onbekend) |

Bijlage 2

Titel

Inrichtingstekening



Container reparatie





Reefer aansluitingen

Tankplaats/Calamiteitenplaats

Onderstation

Vrachtwagens

Vrachtwagens

-  In / Uitgang terrein
-  Inrichtingsgrens
-  Reefer aansluitingen
-  IMO Vak



A member of CK Hutchison Holdings

TITLE: VTP Barge Terminal Uitbreiding
INRICHTINGSTEKENING EXTERNE VEILIGHEID

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------|
| FILENAME : P02139-DWG038-00V | REVISED | REVISION |
| SCALE : 1:500 | 01 | - - - |
| DATE : 17-09-20 | 02 | - - - |
| DRAWN : MGA | 03 | - - - |
| REF.NO. : P02139 | 04 | - - - |

APPROVED: - APPROVED: -
 PRODUCT VERANTWOORDELIJKE PROJECT VERANTWOORDELIJKE
 CODE: P002139-DWG038-00V

Bijlage 3

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| Titel | Berekening ongevalsrisico's |
|-------|-----------------------------|

| Doorzet | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Stofcategorie | | | | | | | | |
| | Totaal | Volle tankcontainers | Lege tankcontainers | boxcontainers | | | | |
| GF3 | 620 | 60 | 60 | 500 | | | | |
| GT3 | 90 | 5 | 5 | 80 | | | | |
| GT4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| LF2 | 2600 | 1000 | 400 | 1200 | | | | |
| LT1 | 2100 | 600 | 300 | 1200 | | | | |
| LT2 | 30 | 5 | 5 | 20 | | | | |
| LT3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| NR | 3200 | 800 | 300 | 2100 | | | | |
| Totaal | 8640 | 2470 | 1070 | 5100 | | | | |
| Uitwerking event probability overslag | | | | | | | | |
| scenario | Vol | | | Leeg | | Box | | |
| | Aantal | Tgr | Tkl | Aantal | Lgr | Lkl | Aantal | Box |
| GF3 | 60 | 6,00E-06 | 6,00E-05 | 60 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 500 | Niet gemodelleerd |
| GT3 | 5 | 5,00E-07 | 5,00E-06 | 5 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 80 | 8,0E-05 |
| LF2 | 1000 | 1,00E-04 | 1,00E-03 | 400 | Niet gemodelleerd | Niet gemodelleerd | 1200 | Niet gemodelleerd |
| LT1 | 600 | 6,00E-05 | 6,00E-04 | 300 | 3,0E-05 | 3,0E-04 | 1200 | 1,2E-03 |
| LT2 | 5 | 5,00E-07 | 5,00E-06 | 5 | 5,0E-07 | 5,0E-06 | 20 | 2,0E-05 |
| Uitwerking event probability intrinsiek falen | | | | | | | | |
| scenario | basiskans | aantal | verblijftijd | event frequency | | | | |
| GF3 | 5,00E-07 | 60 | 0,0384 | 1,2E-06 | | | | |
| GT3 | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 0,0384 | 9,6E-08 | | | | |
| LF2 | 5,00E-07 | 1000 | 0,0384 | 1,9E-05 | | | | |
| LT1 | 5,00E-07 | 600 | 0,0384 | 1,2E-05 | | | | |
| LT2 | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 0,0384 | 9,6E-08 | | | | |
| LT1_leeg | 5,00E-07 | 300 | 0,0384 | 5,8E-06 | | | | |
| LT2_leeg | 5,00E-07 | 5 | 0,0384 | 9,6E-08 | | | | |
| BLEVE in stacks | | | | | | | | |
| | Kadestack | Vrachtwagenstack west | Vrachtwagenstack oost | | | | | |
| Fractie | 30,3% | 42,4% | 27,3% | | | | | |
| Handelingen in/nabij stack | 4 | 6 | 6 | | | | | |
| f_overslag groot lek | 6,7E-08 | 1,0E-07 | 1,0E-07 | | | | | |
| Aantal tankcontainers LF | 303 | 424 | 273 | | | | | |
| Pontsteking | 0,13 | 0,13 | 0,13 | | | | | |
| R | 0,9 | 0,9 | 0,9 | | | | | |
| kans plasbrand | 2,6E-07 | 5,5E-07 | 3,5E-07 | | | | | |
| Aantal clusters | 10 | 5 | 4 | | | | | |
| trefkans | 10,0% | 20,0% | 25,0% | | | | | |
| Ng | 18 | 25 | 16 | | | | | |
| tijdcorrectie | 3,8% | 3,8% | 3,8% | | | | | |
| Kans BLEVE | 1,8E-08 | 1,08E-07 | 5,56E-08 | | | | | |
| | 0,170 | 1,000 | 0,517 | | | | | |

Input Report

Workspace: Venlo_barge_Terminal

Study

Study

Venlo_barge_Terminal

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------|
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| Toxic parameters | Indoor toxic calculations | Specify the downwind building type | Unselected | |
| | | Building type (downwind building type) | | |
| Dispersion | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | | m |

Handelingen

Scenario group

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|----------|
| Scenario group | Sum of probabilities for the scenario group | Probability | 0,0034725 | fraction |

LT1_Tgr

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

600 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 22908,827 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |

| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
|-----------------------|---|--|------------|-----|
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0,1 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tgr bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---------|--|
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT1_Tgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT1_Tgr

600 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 6E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT1_Tkl

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

600*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|---------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Mass inventory | 22908,827 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tkl bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |

Indoor mass modification factor 3

LT1_Tkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT1_Tkl
600*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 20 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 0,0006 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT1_Box

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

1200 boxcontainer*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|---------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Mass inventory | 818,17239 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|----------------|
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m ³ |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Box bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |

Indoor mass modification factor 3

LT1_Box fixed duration release

Fixed duration release

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT1_Box
1200 boxcontainer*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Scenario | Duration for fixed duration release | 30 | s |
| | Hole | Orifice diameter | | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 0,0012 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_Tgr

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Mass inventory | 21585,223 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Tgr bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Tgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT2_Tgr

5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-07 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|------------|-----|
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_Tkl

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

5 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 21585,223 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Tkl bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Tkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT2_Tkl
5 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 20 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_Box

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

20 boxcontainers, basiskans 1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 770,90083 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Box bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Box fixed duration release

Fixed duration release

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT2_Box

20 boxcontainers, basiskans 1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Scenario | Scenario | Duration for fixed duration release | 30 | s |
| | Hole | Orifice diameter | | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 2E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|----|--|
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GT3_Tgr

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | AMMONIA | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 12482,04 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,0862016 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

GT3_Tgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\GT3_Tgr
5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-07 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic only | |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----|---|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GT3_Tkl

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

5 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | AMMONIA | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 12482,04 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,0862016 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |

| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

GT3_Tkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\GT3_Tkl

5 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 10 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic only | |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|------------|-----|
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GT3_Box

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

80 boxcontainers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|-----|----------|-------------------------------|------------|-------|
| | Material | Material | AMMONIA | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 624,102 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |

| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,0862016 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | fraction | |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | fraction | |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|----------------|
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m ³ |

| | | | | |
|------------|---|--|-------|-----|
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | Buildings\Container_GT3\Building | |
| | | In-building release? | Inbuilding | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

GT3_Box leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\GT3_Box
80 boxcontainers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 15 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Tank head | 1 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 8E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic only | |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|---|
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GF3_Tgr

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen
60 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | PROPANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 10285,848 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,3307354 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Reduce risks for No mounded / underground tanks | | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for | | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

GF3_Tgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\GF3_Tgr

60 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 6E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|-----|-----|
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GF3_TkI

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

60 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | PROPANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 10285,848 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,3307354 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | | Release location | Elevation | 1 |
| | | | Tank head | 2 |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|----------------|
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m ³ |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | Type of pool substrate and bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|--|

GF3_Tkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\GF3_Tkl
60 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 10 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 6E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|----------|
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LF2_Tgr

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

1000 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 18744,663 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0,1 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tgr bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LF2_Tgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LF2_Tgr

1000 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 0,0001 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----|---|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LF2_Tk1

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

1000*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 18744,663 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tkl bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LF2_Tkl

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LF2_Tkl
1000*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 20 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 0,001 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |

| | | |
|--|----------------|----|
| | IDLH [30 mins] | No |
| | STEL [15 mins] | No |

LT1_Lgr

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

300 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 818,17239 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0,1 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Lgr bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT1_Lgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT1_Lgr
300 containers * 1 E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|---|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event) | Event probability | 3E-05 | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | compared with others in this group) | | | |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition Non-ignition probability | Calculate non-ignition probability | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition Immediate ignition probability | Transport - Road tanker | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics Material to track | Toxic and flammable ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest Averaging time for concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time User defined averaging time | No | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT1_Lkl

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

300*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 818,17239 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |

| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
|-----------------------|---|--|------------|----------|
| | Pipe length | 10 | m | |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Lkl bund | |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-----|
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT1_Lkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT1_Lkl
300*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 20 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 0,0003 | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

Atmospheric storage tank
 Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen
 5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 770,90083 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|------------|-----|
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Lgr bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |

Indoor mass modification factor 3

LT2_Lgr leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT2_Lgr

5 containers*1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 50 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-07 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|----------|
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_Lkl

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen

5*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 770,90083 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|----------------|
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m ³ |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Lkl bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Lkl leak

Leak

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Handelingen\LT2_Lkl

5 containers*1E-6

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|

| | | | | |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Hole | Orifice diameter | 20 | mm |
| | | Use specified discharge coefficient? | No | |
| | | Discharge coefficient | | fraction |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Phase to be released | Liquid | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|-----|-----|
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

kade_oost

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,083 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------------------|----------------|----|
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208117; 208225 | m |
| | | North | 378080; 378126 | m |
| | | Length | 0,11738824 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

kade_west

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,083 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 207984; 208100 | m |
| | | North | 378035; 378079 | m |
| | | Length | 0,1240645 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

kadestack

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,152 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208005; 208245 | m |
| | | North | 377975; 378080 | m |
| | | Length | 0,26196374 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

doorzet land - kade VW

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | Failure frequency | 0,283 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208008; 208250 | m |
| | | North | 377965; 378074 | m |
| | | Length | 0,26541477 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Landstack West

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,424 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 207998; 208119 | m |
| | | North | 377940; 377993 | m |
| | | Length | 0,13209845 | km |

Apply location offset No

Landstack oost

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\overslag\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\overslag\Handelingen | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,273 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208165; 208253 | m |
| | | North | 378018; 378055 | m |
| | | Length | 0,095462034 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Instantaan

Scenario group

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|

Scenario group Sum of probabilities for the scenario group Probability 3,8288E-05 fraction

LT1_Tit

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan

14 dagen, 5E-7, 600 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 22908,827 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT1_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\LT1_Tit
14 dagen, 5E-7, 600 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|---------|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 1,2E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_Tit

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan

14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 21585,223 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_Tit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\LT2_Tit

14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 9,6E-08 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----|---|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GT3_Tit

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan
14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | AMMONIA | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 12483,464 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,8 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,0756874 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | | Release location | Elevation | 1 |
| | | | Tank head | 0 |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|----------------|
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m ³ |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m ³ |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | GT3_Tit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|--|

GT3_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\GT3_Tit

14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 9,6E-08 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic only | |
| | | Material to track | AMMONIA | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|------------|-----|
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

GF3_Tit

Pressure vessel

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan
14 dagen, 5E-7, 60 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | PROPANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 10285,848 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 20 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature/bubble point | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 5,3307354 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | | Release location | Elevation | 1 m |
| | | | Tank head | 0 m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 20 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| | Safety system modelling for time-varying releases | Safety system modelling (isolation and blowdown) | No | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | GF3_Tit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---------|--|
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

GF3_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\GF3_Tit
14 dagen, 5E-7, 60 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 1,2E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|-----|
| | | Material to track | PROPANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LF2_Tit

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan

14 dagen, 5E-7, 1000 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 18744,663 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 28 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 28 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_Tit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LF2_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\LF2_Tit

14 dagen, 5E-7, 1000 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |

| | | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 1,9E-05 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Flammable only | |
| | | Material to track | N-HEXANE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Flammable only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |

STEL [15 mins] No

LT1_LTit

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan

14 dagen, 5E-7, 300 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Material | Material | Material | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 818,17239 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----|
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT1_LTit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT1_LTit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\LT1_LTit
14 dagen, 5E-7, 300 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|--|--|---------|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 5,8E-06 | fraction |
| | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |

| | | | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ACRYLONITRILE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

LT2_LTit

Atmospheric storage tank

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan

14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|-------|
| Material | Material | Material | ALLYLAMINE | |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Specify volume inventory? | Yes | |
| | | Mass inventory | 770,90083 | kg |
| | | Volume inventory | 1 | m3 |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| | Phase | Specified condition | Temperature and atmospheric pressure | |
| | | Temperature | 9,85 | degC |
| | | Pressure (gauge) | 1E-10 | bar |
| | | Fluid state | Liquid | |
| | | Liquid mole fraction | 1 | fraction |
| Risk | Type of risk effects to model | Jet fire modelling for horizontal releases | Horizontal jet only | |
| | | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No | |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Scenario | Pipe dimensions | Pipe length | 10 | m |
| | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Direction | Outdoor release direction | Horizontal | |
| | | Outdoor release angle | 0 | deg |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-----------|-----|
| Short pipe | Pipe characteristics | Pipe roughness | 0,045 | mm |
| | Frequencies | Frequency of bends in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of couplings in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of junctions in pipe | 0 | /m |
| | Frequencies of valves | Frequency of excess flow valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of non-return valves | 0 | /m |
| | | Frequency of shut-off valves | 0 | /m |
| | Velocity head losses | Excess flow valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Non-return valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| | | Shut-off valve velocity head losses | 0 | |
| Time varying releases | Modelling of time-varying leaks and line ruptures | Vacuum relief valve | Operating | |
| | | Vacuum relief valve set point | 0 | bar |
| | Inventory data for time-varying releases | Tank volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank vapour volume | 0 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid volume | 1 | m3 |
| | | Tank liquid level | 0 | m |
| | | Maximum vapour release height | | m |
| | | Minimum mass inventory | 0 | kg |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | Maximum mass inventory | 1E+09 | kg |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |
| Bund, building and terrain | Terrain and bund definition | Type of terrain for dispersion | Upgraded Terrain from RunRowSet | |
| | | Type of pool substrate and bunds | LT2_LTit bund | |
| | Building definition | Release building | | |
| | | In-building release? | Outdoor | |
| | | Building wake effect | Roof/lee | |
| | | Wind or release angle from North | 0 | deg |
| | | Handling of droplets | Trapped | |
| | | Indoor mass modification factor | 3 | |

LT2_Tit Rupture

Catastrophic rupture

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan\LT2_LTit

14 dagen, 5E-7, 5 containers

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Scenario | Release location | Elevation | 1 | m |
| | | Tank head | 0,2 | m |
| | Fireball emissive power | Use vessel burst pressure | No | |
| | | Vessel burst pressure - gauge | | bar |
| Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 9,6E-08 | fraction |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Reduce risks for mounded / underground tanks | No |
| | Non-ignition probabilities | Specify probability of non-ignition | Calculate non-ignition probability | |
| | | Non-ignition probability | | fraction |
| | Immediate ignition probabilities | Probability of immediate ignition | Transport - Road tanker | |
| | | Immediate ignition probability | | fraction |
| Material | Material | Material characteristics | Toxic and flammable | |
| | | Material to track | ALLYLAMINE | |
| | | Type of risk effects to model | Toxic only | |
| Dispersion | Dispersion scope | Concentration of interest | | ppm |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----|---|
| | | Averaging time for concentration of interest | | |
| | | Specify user-defined averaging time | No | |
| | | User defined averaging time | | s |
| | Distances of interest | Distances of interest | 600 | m |
| | Averaging time for reports | NLIV [1 hr] | No | |
| | | IDLH [30 mins] | No | |
| | | STEL [15 mins] | No | |

kadestack

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,303 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208005; 208245 | m |
| | | North | 377975; 378080 | m |
| | | Length | 0,26196374 | km |

Apply location No
offset

Landstack West

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,424 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 207998; 208119 | m |
| | | North | 377940; 377993 | m |
| | | Length | 0,13209845 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Landstack oost

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\intrinsiek falen\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|----------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\intrinsiek falen\Instantaan | |

| | | | | |
|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,273 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208165; 208253 | m |
| | | North | 378018; 378055 | m |
| | | Length | 0,095462034 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Model Group

Scenario group

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|----------------|---|-------------|---------|----------|
| Scenario group | Sum of probabilities for the scenario group | Probability | 1,1E-07 | fraction |

Standalone GF3_Tbb

Standalones

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb\Model Group

kans plasbrand: 1,1E-7

| Tab | Group | Field | Value |
|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| Material | Material | Material | PROPANE |

GF3_Tbb

Fireball

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb\Model Group\Standalone GF3_Tbb

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Fireball | Released mass | Released mass | 10286 | kg | |
| | | Vapour mass fraction | 1 | fraction | |
| | Burst pressure | Supply burst pressure - gauge | Yes | | |
| | | Burst pressure - gauge | 23,5 | bar | |
| | Surface emissive power | Calculate flame surface emissive power | Use emissive power correlation | | |
| | | Flame surface emissive power | | kW/m2 | |
| | Flame shape definition | Fireball radius | | m | |
| | | Fireball duration | | s | |
| | | | Use shape correlation | Use Correlation | |
| | Risk | Event probability (probability of this event compared with others in this group) | Event probability | 1,1E-07 | fraction |
| Radiation calculations | Type of radiation results required | Radiation at a point | No | | |
| | | Radiation vs distance | No | | |
| | | Radiation ellipse | No | | |
| | | Radiation contours | No | | |

kadestack

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\stack_fdb\Model Group | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,17 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208005; 208245 | m |
| | | North | 377975; 378080 | m |
| | | Length | 0,26196374 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Landstack West

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\stack_fdb\Model Group | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | Failure frequency | 1 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 207998; 208119 | m |
| | | North | 377940; 377993 | m |
| | | Length | 0,13209845 | km |
| | | Apply location offset | No | |

Landstack oost

Route segment

Venlo_barge_Terminal\Study\stack_fdb\Route segments

| Tab | Group | Field | Value | Units |
|---------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Route segment | Scenario group | Scenario group (containing scenarios for this segment) | Study\stack_fdb\Model Group | |
| | Failure information | Spacing of events | 25 | m |
| | | Failure frequency | 0,517 | /AvgeYear |
| | | Failure frequency specified | Per route segment | |
| | | Supplied length | | m |
| Geometry | Geometry | East | 208165; 208253 | m |
| | | North | 378018; 378055 | m |
| | | Length | 0,095462034 | km |

| | |
|-----------------------------|----|
| Apply location offset | No |
|-----------------------------|----|

Bijlage 4

| Titel | Maximum effectafstanden |
|-------|-------------------------|
|-------|-------------------------|

| Equipment Item | Substance | Inventory [kg] | Largest Distance to 1% lethality [m] | Largest distance to LFL [m] | Largest Distance 1% lethality [m] | Corresponding event (1% lethality) | Largest distance to 35 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 10 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 3 kW/m2 [m] | Largest Distance to 0.3 bar [m] | Largest Distance to 0.1 bar [m] |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| GT3_Tkl | AMMONIA | 12482 | 157 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tkl | AMMONIA | 12482 | 102 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tkl | AMMONIA | 12482 | 90 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tkl | AMMONIA | 12482 | 101 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tkl | AMMONIA | 12482 | 168 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 33 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 106 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 45 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 27 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 69 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Box | AMMONIA | 624 | 340 | | | | | | | | |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 119 | 119 | CNdFFO | 70 | 91 | 123 | 88 | 118 |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 107 | 107 | CNdFFO | 79 | 100 | 131 | 85 | 115 |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 112 | 112 | CNffFXO | 65 | 85 | 118 | 85 | 114 |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 96 | 96 | CNffFXO | 61 | 82 | 116 | | |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 110 | 110 | CNffFXO | 65 | 85 | 118 | 87 | 118 |
| GF3_Tgr | PROPANE | 10286 | | 116 | 116 | CNdFFO | 79 | 100 | 131 | 104 | 136 |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 10 | 22 | CNIHJO | 17 | 22 | 28 | | |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 13 | 24 | CNIHJO | 20 | 24 | 31 | | |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 9 | 20 | CNIHJO | 16 | 20 | 27 | | |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 7 | 19 | CNIHJO | 15 | 19 | 27 | | |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 10 | 20 | CNIHJO | 16 | 20 | 27 | | |
| GF3_Tkl | PROPANE | 10286 | | 14 | 24 | CNIHJO | 20 | 24 | 31 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 68 | | | | 44 | 77 | 124 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 117 | | | | 39 | 74 | 122 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 95 | | | | 49 | 79 | 124 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 80 | | | | 53 | 80 | 122 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 114 | | | | 49 | 79 | 124 | | |
| LT1_Tit | ACRYLONITRILE | 22909 | 230 | | | | 39 | 74 | 122 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 114 | | | | 52 | 89 | 144 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 237 | | | | 46 | 86 | 142 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 184 | | | | 57 | 91 | 144 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 152 | | | | 61 | 93 | 141 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 245 | | | | 57 | 91 | 143 | | |
| LT2_Tit | ALLYLAMINE | 21585 | 532 | | | | 46 | 85 | 142 | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 201 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 321 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 214 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 221 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 202 | | | | | | | | |
| GT3_Tit | AMMONIA | 12483 | 277 | | | | | | | | |
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 175 | 175 | IRdFFO | 125 | 239 | 425 | 154 | 212 |
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 208 | 208 | IRdFFP | 126 | 240 | 429 | 148 | 228 |

| Equipment Item | Substance | Inventory [kg] | Largest Distance to 1% lethality [m] | Largest distance to LFL [m] | Largest Distance 1% lethality [m] | Corresponding event (1% lethality) | Largest distance to 35 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 10 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 3 kW/m2 [m] | Largest Distance to 0.3 bar [m] | Largest Distance to 0.1 bar [m] |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 179 | 179 | IRdFXO | 126 | 240 | 429 | 165 | 240 |
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 201 | 201 | IRdFXO | 126 | 240 | 429 | 189 | 256 |
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 168 | 168 | IRdFXO | 126 | 240 | 429 | 156 | 232 |
| GF3_Tit | PROPANE | 10286 | | 190 | 190 | IRdFFP | 126 | 240 | 429 | 121 | 199 |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 166 | SAIBO | 166 | 311 | 549 | | |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 167 | SAIBO | 167 | 313 | 554 | | |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 167 | SAIBO | 167 | 313 | 554 | | |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 167 | SAIBO | 167 | 313 | 554 | | |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 167 | SAIBO | 167 | 313 | 554 | | |
| Standalone GF: | PROPANE | | | | 167 | SAIBO | 167 | 313 | 554 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 10 | 28 | CRIHJP | 11 | 28 | 69 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 24 | 26 | CRIHJP | 11 | 25 | 62 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 9 | 31 | CRIHJP | 11 | 31 | 74 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 4 | 34 | CRIHJP | 12 | 33 | 77 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 8 | 31 | CRIHJP | 11 | 31 | 73 | | |
| LF2_Tgr | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 23 | 26 | CRIHJP | 11 | 25 | 62 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 3 | 26 | CRIHJP | 9 | 26 | 47 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 9 | 22 | CRIHJP | 9 | 22 | 44 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 3 | 30 | CRIHJP | 10 | 30 | 49 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 3 | 34 | CRIHJP | 11 | 33 | 50 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 3 | 30 | CRIHJP | 10 | 30 | 48 | | |
| LF2_Tkl | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 10 | 22 | CRIHJP | 9 | 22 | 44 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 7 | 32 | IRIBPT | | 32 | 80 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 6 | 30 | IRIBPT | | 29 | 71 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 6 | 35 | IRIBPT | | 34 | 86 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 6 | 38 | IRIBPT | | 37 | 90 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 6 | 35 | IRIBPT | | 34 | 85 | | |
| LF2_Tit | N-HEXANE | 18745 | | 4 | 30 | IRIBPT | | 29 | 71 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 28 | | | | 17 | 33 | 51 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 55 | | | | 16 | 31 | 51 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 40 | | | | 19 | 33 | 51 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 31 | | | | 21 | 34 | 50 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 51 | | | | 19 | 33 | 51 | | |
| LT1_Lgr | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 108 | | | | 16 | 31 | 51 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 24 | | | | 15 | 28 | 44 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 52 | | | | 13 | 27 | 45 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 37 | | | | 16 | 29 | 43 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 33 | | | | 17 | 29 | 41 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 48 | | | | 16 | 29 | 43 | | |
| LT1_Lkl | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 117 | | | | 13 | 27 | 45 | | |
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 43 | | | | 20 | 36 | 58 | | |
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 94 | | | | 18 | 35 | 57 | | |
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 67 | | | | 23 | 37 | 57 | | |

| Equipment Item | Substance | Inventory [kg] | Largest Distance to 1% lethality [m] | Largest distance to LFL [m] | Largest Distance 1% lethality [m] | Corresponding event (1% lethality) | Largest distance to 35 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 10 kW/m2 [m] | Largest distance to 3 kW/m2 [m] | Largest Distance to 0.3 bar [m] | Largest Distance to 0.1 bar [m] |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 51 | | | | 25 | 37 | 55 | | |
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 95 | | | | 23 | 37 | 56 | | |
| LT2_Lgr | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 239 | | | | 18 | 35 | 57 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 33 | | | | 15 | 28 | 44 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 79 | | | | 14 | 28 | 46 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 54 | | | | 17 | 28 | 43 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 45 | | | | 18 | 28 | 40 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 76 | | | | 17 | 28 | 43 | | |
| LT2_Lkl | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 203 | | | | 14 | 28 | 46 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 23 | | | | 17 | 33 | 52 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 48 | | | | 15 | 31 | 51 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 31 | | | | 19 | 33 | 52 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 22 | | | | 21 | 34 | 51 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 37 | | | | 19 | 33 | 51 | | |
| LT1_LTit | ACRYLONITRILE | 818 | 85 | | | | 15 | 31 | 51 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 34 | | | | 21 | 37 | 60 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 78 | | | | 18 | 36 | 59 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 49 | | | | 24 | 38 | 60 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 35 | | | | 26 | 39 | 58 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 67 | | | | 24 | 38 | 59 | | |
| LT2_LTit | ALLYLAMINE | 771 | 180 | | | | 18 | 36 | 59 | | |
| Maximum waarde | | | 634 | | 208 | 0 | 167 | 313 | 554 | 189 | 256 |

N.B: het is opmerkelijk dat ook voor toxische stoffen de stralingscontouren worden aangegeven. Deze stoffen zijn als voorbeeldstof echter doorgerekend als 'toxic only', zodat deze warmtebelasting niet terugkomt in de rekenresultaten.

Een deel van de tankcontainers die VTP doorzet betreft lege, maar ongereinigde containers. Deze containers hebben een kleiner risico dan volle tankcontainers, maar het is niet altijd duidelijk of de externe risico's van deze containers mogen worden verwaarloosd. Om dit al dan niet uit te sluiten hebben we een testberekening uitgevoerd. De inhoud, vloeistofkolom en het plasoppervlak respectievelijk gasdruk hebben we daarbij naar representativiteit verkleind. Tabellen B5.1 en B5.2 tonen zowel de uitgangspunten als maximum effectafstanden.

tabel B5.1: uitgangspunten en effectafstanden lege, ongereinigde tankcontainers met gassen

| Stofcategorie | Scenario | Volume | Druk | Effectafstand |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------|
| GF3 | Klein lek | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 3 |
| | Groot lek | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 11 |
| | Instantaan | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 24 |
| GT3 | Klein lek | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 6 |
| | Groot lek | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 14 |
| | Instantaan | 20 m ³ | 0,1 bar g | 3 |

tabel B5.2: uitgangspunten en effectafstanden lege, ongereinigde tankcontainers met vloeistoffen

| Stofcategorie | Scenario | Volume | Vloeistofkolom | Plasoppervlak | Effectafstand |
|---------------|------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| LF2 | Klein lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 180 m ² | 29 |
| | Groot lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 200 m ² | 34 |
| | Instantaan | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 300 m ² | 35 |
| LT1 | Klein lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 180 m ² | 117 ⁵ |
| | Groot lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 200 m ² | 112 |
| | Instantaan | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 300 m ² | 85 |
| LT2 | Klein lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 180 m ² | 203 |
| | Groot lek | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 200 m ² | 240 |
| | Instantaan | 1 m ³ | 0,2 m | 300 m ² | 180 |

Het dichtstbijzijnde (beperkt) kwetsbare object ligt op 50 meter van een ongevalspunt. Effectafstanden kleiner dan 50 meter leiden dus niet tot een andere conclusie voor kwetsbare objecten binnen de 10⁻⁶/jaar PR-contour. Op basis van deze redenering zijn alleen lege containers met LT1 en LT2 in de berekening beschouwd.

⁵ De effectafstand voor een klein lek is groter dan voor een groot lek. Waarschijnlijk wordt dit veroorzaakt doordat bij een klein lek de uitstroming en daardoor ook verdamping en blootstelling langer duren dan bij een groot lek.